## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

Please <u>amend</u> claims 1, 7, 10-12, 15, and 18-20 and <u>add</u> new claims 23 and 24 as follows:

- 1. (currently amended) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) forming an oxide film for a storage electrode on an entire surface of a semiconductor substrate comprising a cell area and a peripheral circuit area;
- (b) etching the oxide film for storage electrode in the cell area to define a storage electrode area;
  - (c) forming a storage electrode in the storage electrode area;
- (d) forming a photoresist film pattern on the oxide film for the storage electrode in the peripheral circuit area; and
- (e) removing the oxide film for the storage electrode in the cell area via a wet etching process using the photoresist film pattern as a mask, and removing the photoresist film pattern to provide a resulting structure;
- (f) sequentially forming a dielectric film and a plate electrode on the entire surface of the resulting structure; and
- (g) forming an interlayer insulating film on the entire surface of the resulting structure.
- 2. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein step (e) comprises removing the oxide film for the storage electrode in the cell area in a BOE (Buffered Oxide Etchant) solution bath using the photoresist film pattern as a mask, and removing the photoresist film pattern of the resulting structure in a Piranha solution bath, and further comprises cleaning the resulting structure in an SC-1 solution bath and cleaning the resulting structure in a diluted HF solution bath.
- 3. (original) The method according to claim 2, wherein the Piranha solution comprises  $H_2SO_4$  and  $H_2O_2$ , the volume ratio of the  $H_2SO_4$  to  $H_2O_2$  ranges from 2:1 to 6:1, and has a temperature ranging from 90 to 130°C.

- 4. (original) The method according to claim 2, wherein the Piranha solution comprises  $H_2SO_4$  and  $H_2O_2$ , the volume ratio of the  $H_2SO_4$  to  $H_2O_2$  is 4:1, and has a temperature of 120°C.
- 5. (original) The method according to claim 2, wherein the SC-1 solution comprises  $NH_4OH$ ,  $H_2O_2$  and  $H_2O$ , the volume ratio of the  $NH_4OH$ ,  $H_2O_2$  and  $H_2O$  ranging from 1 : 1 : 20 to 1 : 5 : 50, and has a temperature ranging from 25 to 85°C.
- 6. (original) The method according to claim 2, wherein the SC-1 solution comprises NH<sub>4</sub>OH, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O, the volume ratio of the NH<sub>4</sub>OH, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O is 1:4:20, and has a temperature of  $65^{\circ}$ C.
- 7. (currently amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein step (
  (e) <u>further</u> comprises removing the oxide film for the storage electrode in the cell area
  in a BHF (Buffered Hydrogen Fluoride) solution bath by using the photoresist film
  pattern as a mask, <u>eleaning rinsing</u> the resulting structure in a pure water bath, and
  removing the photoresist film pattern of the resulting structure in a Piranha solution
  bath, and further comprises <u>eleaning rinsing</u> the resulting structure in a pure water
  bath, and drying the resulting structure in a dryer.
- 8. (original) The method according to claim 7, wherein the Piranha solution comprises  $H_2SO_4$  and  $H_2O_2$ , the volume ratio of the  $H_2SO_4$  to  $H_2O_2$  ranging from 2:1 to 6:1, and has a temperature ranging from 90 to 130°C.
- 9. (original) The method according to claim 7, wherein the Piranha solution comprises  $H_2SO_4$  and  $H_2O_2$ , the volume ratio of the  $H_2SO_4$  to  $H_2O_2$  is 4:1, and has a temperature of 120°C.
- 10. (currently amended) The method according to claim 7, further comprising cleaning the resulting structure in an SC-1 solution, and eleaning rinsing the resulting structure in a pure water bath, prior to the drying of the resulting structure in a dryer.

- 11. (currently amended) The method according to claim 7, further comprising cleaning the resulting structure in an SC-1 solution bath, eleaning rinsing the resulting structure in a pure water bath, cleaning the resulting structure in a diluted HF solution bath, and eleaning rinsing the resulting structure in a pure water bath, prior to the drying of the resulting structure in a dryer.
- 12. (currently amended) The method according to claim 7, further comprising cleaning the resulting structure in a diluted HF solution bath, eleaning rinsing the resulting structure in a pure water bath, cleaning the resulting structure in an SC-1 solution bath, and eleaning rinsing the resulting structure in a pure water bath, prior to the drying of the resulting structure in a dryer.
- 13. (original) The method according to claim 10, wherein the SC-1 solution comprises NH<sub>4</sub>OH,  $H_2O_2$  and  $H_2O$ , the volume ratio of the NH<sub>4</sub>OH,  $H_2O_2$  and  $H_2O$  ranging from 1 : 1 : 20 to 1 : 5 : 50, and has a temperature ranging from 25 to 85°C.
- 14. (original) The method according to claim 10, wherein the SC-1 solution comprises  $NH_4OH$ ,  $H_2O_2$  and  $H_2O$ , the volume ratio of the  $NH_4OH$ ,  $H_2O_2$  and  $H_2O$  is 1:4:20, and has a temperature of 65°C.
- 15. (currently amended) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device, comprising:
- (a) removing an oxide film for a storage electrode in a cell area of a semiconductor substrate, wherein the storage electrode is disposed in the cell area, and a photoresist film pattern is disposed in peripheral circuit region of the semiconductor substrate by performing a wet etching process in a BHF (Buffered Hydrogen Fluoride) solution bath; and
- (b) removing the photoresist film pattern with a Piranha solution bath to provide a resulting structure.
  - (b) cleaning the resulting structure in a pure water bath;
  - (c) removing the photoresist film pattern in a Piranha solution bath;
  - (d) cleaning the resulting structure in a pure water bath; and

## (e) drying the resulting structure in a dryer.

- 16. (original) The method according to claim 15, wherein the Piranha solution comprises  $H_2SO_4$  and  $H_2O_2$ , the volume ratio of the  $H_2SO_4$  to  $H_2O_2$  ranging from 2: 1 to 6: 1, and has a temperature ranging from 90 to 130°C.
- 17. (original) The method according to claim 15, wherein the Piranha solution comprises  $H_2SO_4$  and  $H_2O_2$ , the volume ratio of the  $H_2SO_4$  to  $H_2O_2$  is 4:1, and has a temperature of 120°C.
- 18. (currently amended) The method according to claim 15, further comprising cleaning the resulting structure in an SC-1 solution bath, and eleaning rinsing the resulting structure in a pure water bath, prior to the drying of the resulting structure in a dryer.
- 19. (currently amended) The method according to claim 15, further comprising cleaning the resulting structure in an SC-1 solution bath, eleaning rinsing the resulting structure in a pure water bath, cleaning the resulting structure in a diluted HF solution bath, and eleaning rinsing the resulting structure in a pure water bath, prior to the drying of the resulting structure in a dryer.
- 20. (currently amended) The method according to claim 15, further comprising cleaning the resulting structure in a diluted HF solution bath, eleaning rinsing the resulting structure in a pure water bath, cleaning the resulting structure in an SC-1 solution bath, and eleaning rinsing the resulting structure in a pure water bath, prior to the drying of the resulting structure in a dryer.
- 21. (original) The method according to claim 18, wherein the SC-1 solution comprises NH<sub>4</sub>OH, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O, the volume ratio of the NH<sub>4</sub>OH, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O ranging from 1:1:20 to 1:5:50, and has a temperature ranging from 25 to 85°C.

- 22. (original) The method according to claim 18, wherein the SC-1 solution comprises  $NH_4OH$ ,  $H_2O_2$  and  $H_2O$ , the volume ratio of the  $NH_4OH$ ,  $H_2O_2$  and  $H_2O$  is 1 : 4 : 20, and has a temperature of 65°C.
- 23. (new) The method according to claim 1, further comprising (f) sequentially forming a dielectric film and a plate electrode on the entire surface of the resulting structure.
- 24. (new) The method according to claim 23, further comprising (g) forming an interlayer insulating film on the entire surface of the resulting structure.